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# DENTAL LABORATORY SPECIALTY

# Volume 3. Fabricating Removable and Orthodontic Appliances



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Introduction

Volume 3, Fabricating Removable and Orthodontic Appliances, contains modules on such procedures as fabricating mouthguards, fluoride carriers, interim removable partial dentures, temporomandibular joint dysfunction (TMD) appliances, periodontal stents, surgical splints, complete and removable partial denture bases, space maintainers, Hawley retainers, relining removable prostheses, and rebasing complete dentures. This QTP is designed to enhance 5- and 7-skill level OJT of dental laboratory personnel. The 4Y0X2 Career Development Course may be used to compliment the training references listed in each module. All four QTPs are intended to be used by trainees, trainers, supervisors, and task certifiers.

QTPs are designed to help you conduct and evaluate your field training. Once you begin upgrade training you are required to use the QTPs. QTPs provide continuity to the trainee's upgrade training and are divided into the following volumes: 1) General Skills; 2) Fabricating Fixed Restorations; 3) Fabricating Removable and Orthodontic Appliances; and 4) Administration and Management. The QTP modules were written to assist you in preparing for and conducting training. You must use the QTP modules for training when either: 1) the STS task is a core task (minimum qualification for the specialty); or 2) you have identified the STS task as a requirement of the trainee's job. Each module segments the major tasks into teachable elements. Your goal is to provide enough training and guidance so trainees can do all task related steps, without assistance, and produce an appliance that meets local requirements for speed and accuracy. QTPs also aid OJT task certifiers in evaluating the trainee's demonstrated performance. If you have local training requirements not covered by a QTP module you should develop "steps in performance" and "performance checklists" that support and standardize those tasks.

Accompanying each volume of QTPs is a qualification training progress record. This QTP record serves as a document to record the date the trainee completes each module. Every person in qualification/upgrade training must have this QTP progress record filed in their OJT folder. Use and annotation of this progress record is similar to current OJT documentation. When you are satisfied the trainee meets standards, as prescribed in the QTP performance checklist, you must document and initial each task completion date in column 2B of the Specialty Training Standard (STS) and the "date completed" column in the QTP progress record. If a person is being recertified on a task that is supported by a QTP you must use that module to complete the recertification process. It is not necessary to produce multiple hard copies of the QTP modules; however, your workcenter requirements may require additional copies. Regardless, you should file the QTPs in an accessible location.

Typically, you will manage each module by first, training the tasks and then, evaluating performance. Your local steps in performance may vary from the method listed in the QTP module. If this is the case, you are authorized to make changes to the first half of each module, (i.e. steps in task performance); however, the "performance checklist" is considered a *standard* and cannot be altered. You may train each QTP volume/module in any sequence; however, when conducting training

use an organized and methodical approach. This will reduce your training time and enhance your efforts.

When beginning any training process you should first, review the procedures in each module with the trainee. Second, direct the trainee to review the training references listed to prepare for task performance. Third, go through the steps in task performance with the trainee, allowing enough time to adequately train each step (some modules may take longer to teach). Fourth, evaluate the trainee's work at each critical step--using the performance checklist at this point will be helpful. Fifth, evaluate the trainee's performance and provide feedback on any areas for improvement. Finally, when the trainee has successfully completed the task you must document and initial both the STS and the QTP progress record. If the trainee does not accomplish the module, conduct follow-up instruction until the trainee successfully completes the task.

The QTP project goal of the 381 TRS, Sheppard AFB TX, is to publish a useable document for trainers and trainees. You are encouraged to write-in changes or revisions to the QTPs. A corrections/improvements letter is located on the last page of each QTP volume. You may choose to call in your recommendations to DSN 736-7008 or FAX DSN/Commercial 736-6928 or (817) 676-6928 or email the author at mark.cochrane@sheppard.af.mil.

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## MODULE 1. FABRICATING ATHLETIC MOUTHGUARDS AND FLUORIDE CARRIERS

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

5b Fabricate athletic mouthguards

5c Fabricate fluoride carriers

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 3, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to construct athletic mouthguards and fluoride carriers. Have the trainee fabricate mouthguards and fluoride carriers and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Alcohol Torch Arbor Band
Bard Parker Bunsen Burner
Burs Handpiece or Lathe
Mouthguard Material Scissors

Wax Pencil (red/blue)

Denture Bag

Scissors

Vacuum Former

Disinfectant



- 1. Draw outline of mouthguard/fluoride carrier design on cast
- 2. Apply spacer if required
- 3. Drill hole in palate/tongue area of cast using bur
- 4. Place mouthguard material in vacuum former
- 5. Elevate material to heating element of vacuum former
- 6. Turn on heating element
- 7. Allow material to drop (slump) approximately one and one-half inches
- 8. Soak cast with saturated calcium sulfate dihydrate solution (SDS)
- 9. Place cast on vacuum former platform
- 10. Turn on suction unit of vacuum former
- 11. Drop heated mouthguard material on cast
- 12. Swing heating element away for safety
- 13. Once the material is fully adapted, turn off heating element and suction unit of vacuum former
- 14. Allow vinyl plastic to bench cool until firm
- 15. Remove from vacuum former
- 16. Cut excess vinyl material
- 17. Heat tip of bard parker over Bunsen burner
- 18. Cut mouthguard/fluoride material to design using Bard Parker
- 19. For fluoride carriers only, scallop/cut material 0.5 mm to 1.0 mm below cervical of teeth using Bard Parker or bur
- 20. Remove mouthguard/fluoride carrier from cast
- 21. Finish rounded borders of mouthguard/fluoride carrier using arbor band
- 22. Replace mouthguard/fluoride carrier on cast and smooth borders using torch
- 23. Remove mouthguard/fluoride carrier from cast
- 24. Disinfect mouthguard/fluoride carrier
- 25. Replace mouthguard/fluoride carrier on cast
- 26. Place mouthguard/fluoride carrier and cast in denture bag

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# MODULE 1. FABRICATING ATHLETIC MOUTHGUARDS AND FLUORIDE CARRIERS

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to construct athletic mouthguards and fluoride carriers and satisfactorily perform all tasks without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING ATHLETIC MOUTHGUARDS AND FLUORIDE CARRIERS

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Prepare cast for vacuum forming the mouthguard/fluoride material		
2.	Properly heat the mouthguard/fluoride material to ensure proper adaptation and thickness		
3.	Cut the mouthguard/fluoride material to design		
4.	Smooth the borders without deforming the material		
5.	Disinfect the mouthguard or fluoride carrier		

#### **FEEDBACK:**



# MODULE 2. FABRICATING INTERIM REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES (RPD)

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

5a Fabricate interim removable partial dentures

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

Manufacturer's instructions

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

You may choose either the autopolymerizing or heat-cured acrylic resin technique for this module. Demonstrate how to accurately construct an interim removable partial denture. Stress the importance of eliminating unwanted interference's between the denture tooth and opposing occlusal forces. Ensure the trainee understands how to properly operate the curing unit/pressure pot. Explain the purpose for remounting, and reestablishing the occlusal interference's of the case after curing. Have the trainee fabricate interim RPDs and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Alcohol Torch Artificial Teeth Bunsen Burner

Curing Unit/pressure pot

Denture Bag Flask

Flask Press

Impression Material Polishing Compound Waxing Instruments

Wire-Bending Pliers (Bird-Beak, 3-Prong)

Articulator Baseplate Wax

Bur

Disinfectant Solution

Acrylic Resin Flask Carrier

Identification (ID) Material

Pumice Wire Cutters Wrought Wire VOLUME 3 5

- 1. Articulate casts
- 2. Survey, design, blockout, and duplicate cast
- 3. Design master cast per dentist's instructions
- 4. Select proper artificial teeth, shade, and mold
- 5. Bend wrought wire clasps, if requested
- 6. Adjust and arrange artificial teeth for esthetics and function
- 7. If using autopolymerizing resin, create a matrix for artificial teeth before applying monomer and polymer mixture
- 8. Anatomically wax-up denture base and gingival trim
- 9. Wax denture teeth and base into proper position
- 10. Remove cast from articulator
- 11. Flask, boilout,
- 12. Mix and pack acrylic IAW manufacturer's instructions, and cure interim RPD
- 13. Remove flask press from curing unit and allow to bench cool to room temperature
- 14. Deflask interim RPD
- 15. Remount cast on articulator mounting
- 16. Perform selective grinding to reestablish desired occlusal relationship
- 17. Remove interim RPD from cast
- 18. Place patient identification and finish and polish interim RPD
- 19. Disinfect interim RPD and store in a humid environment



# MODULE 2. FABRICATING INTERIM REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES (RPD)

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate an interim removable partial denture and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING INTERIM REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES (RPD)

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
Verify accuracy of casts and mountings		
2. Bend wrought wire clasps as prescribed		
3. Arrange denture teeth for ideal function and esthetics		
4. Using autopolymerizing acrylic resin:		
Sprinkle the appliance to proper design and thickness		
b. Recover, finish, and polish appliance, producing a smooth hygienic surface		
c. Disinfect finished appliance		
d. Properly cure autopolymerizing resin- achieving a dense porous free appliance		
e. Place patient ID, finish, and polish appliance, producing a smooth hygienic surface		
f. Disinfect finished appliance		
5. Using heat-cured acrylic resin:		
a. Wax the interim RPD to proper design and thickness		
b. Flask and boil-out interim RPD, ensuring there is no damage to the mold		
c. Apply separator and pack the mold IAW manufacturer's directions		
d. Deflask interim RPD without breaking cast or appliance		
e. Properly cure the appliance, achieving a dense porous free appliance		

# MODULE 2. FABRICATING INTERIM REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES (RPD)

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST (CONT'D)

f.	Remount cast and reestablish desired occlusal relationship of	
	interim RPD	
g.	Place patient ID, finish, and polish appliance, producing a smooth hygienic surface	
h.	Disinfect finished appliance	

#### **FEEDBACK:**



# MODULE 3. FABRICATING TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DYSFUNCTION (TMD) APPLIANCES

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

5d Fabricate hard nightguards

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to accurately construct a maxillary or mandibular TMD appliance using the compression-molded technique. Ensure the proper amount of pin opening is established prior to fabricating the TMD appliance. Some laboratories may use the sprinkle technique to fabricate TMD appliances; you may choose to demonstrate this technique instead of the compression molded technique. Have the trainee fabricate a TMD appliance and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Articulating Paper (Red & Black)

Blockout Wax

Buffalo Knife

Burs

Curing Unit Denture Bag

Flask

Handpiece or Lathe Indelible Ink Marker

Pneumatic Chisel

Shim stock

Soft Bristle Brush

**Tweezers** 

Baseplate Wax Boilout Unit

Bunsen Burner or Alcohol Torch

Clear Acrylic Resin Polishing Compound Disinfectant Solution

Flask Press Pumice

Plastic packing sheets

Bard Parker Surveyor Spatula Water

- 1. Mount casts on articulator; establish correct vertical dimension of occlusion (VDO)
- 2. Survey, design, and blockout cast
- 3. Wax TMD appliance to prescribed design, and occlusal scheme
- 4. Remove cast from mounting
- 5. Flask, boil-out, mix and pack acrylic IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 6. Cure acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 7. Bench cool flask to room temperature
- 8. Remove flask from flask press
- 9. Deflask appliance and remount on articulator
- 10. Restore VDO
- 11. Disclose centric contacts with black articulating paper
- 12. Disclose eccentric contacts with red articulating paper
- 13. Restore prescribed disclusion
- 14. Confirm uniform centric contact using shim stock
- 15. Remove TMD appliance from cast
- 16. Place patient ID, finish, and polish TMD appliance
- 17. Disinfect TMD appliance store in a humid environment



# MODULE 3. FABRICATING TEMPOROMANDIBULAR JOINT DYSFUNCTION (TMD) APPLIANCES

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to construct a TMD appliance and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### **FABRICATING HARD NIGHT GUARDS**

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Verify accuracy of casts and mounting		
2.	Wax up (or sprinkle) the TMD appliance to the pin setting established by the provider		
3.	Flask and boil-out TMD appliance, ensuring there is no damage to the mold		
4.	Apply separator and pack the mold IAW manufacturer's directions		
5.	Cure acrylic resin using proper time and temperature		
6.	Deflask TMD appliance without breaking cast or appliance		
7.	Remount cast on articulator and reestablish desired occlusal relationship		
8.	Recover, finish, and polish the appliance, producing smooth, hygienic surfaces		
9.	Disinfect the appliance		

#### **FEEDBACK:**

UME 3 11

#### MODULE 4. FABRICATING PERIODONTAL STENTS

#### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

5e Fabricate periodontal stents

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 3, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to fabricate a clear acrylic resin periodontal stent. Stress how desirable undercuts are used for retentive purposes. Have the trainee fabricate periodontal stents and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### PERFORMANCE RESOURCE(S):

Baseplate Wax
Bur
Bur
Lathe or Handpiece
Disinfectant Solution
Orthodontic Resin
Identification (ID) Material
Polishing Compound
Rag Wheels
Pumice
Spatula
Separating Medium
Surveyor

Waxing Instrument Wax Pencil (Red & Blue)

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- 1. Design stent and identify undercuts
- 2. Block out undesirable undercut areas with baseplate wax
- 3. Apply separating medium to cast
- 4. Sprinkle orthodontic resin within design area
- 5. Place patient identification
- 6. Submerge cast (teeth down) in 115 °F water, seal and pressurize to 20 psi for 30 minutes.
- 7. Remove cast from pressure pot
- 8. Separate stent from cast
- 9. Trim stent using stones, burs, and rubber wheel
- 10. Pumice and polish stent using rag wheel
- 11. Disinfect stent, store in a humid environment

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#### MODULE 4. FABRICATING PERIODONTAL STENTS

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate a clear acrylic resin periodontal stent and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### FABRICATING PERIODONTAL STENTS

DII	THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Verify accuracy of cast		
2.	Design stent correctly		
3.	Block out undesirable undercuts before applying acrylic resin		
II	Sprinkle the acrylic resin, ensuring adequate coverage and bulk for finishing,		
5.	Ensure the acrylic resin is dense and completely cured		
6.	Remove the stent from the cast without breaking or warping it		
7.	Properly finish and polish the stent as per provider's instructions		
8.	Disinfect the stent		

#### **FEEDBACK:**



#### MODULE 5. FABRICATING SURGICAL SPLINTS

#### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

5f Fabricate surgical splint

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

162-6, Vol 3, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to fabricate a clear acrylic resin surgical splint. Stress how desirable undercuts are used for retentive purposes. Have the trainee fabricate surgical splints and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCE(S):**

Baseplate Wax
Bur
Cast Trimmer
Disinfectant Solution
Distilled Water
Identification (ID) Material
Mixing Bowl
Polishing Compound
Bunsen Burner
Cast Trimmer
Distilled Water
Lathe or Handpiece
Orthodontic Resin
Pressure Pot

Polishing Compound Pressure Pot Pumice Rag Wheels Separating Medium Spatula

Stone Vacuum Mixer

Vibrator Wax Pencil (Red & Blue)

Waxing Instrument Surveyor

- 1. Design and identify undercuts
- 2. Block out undesirable undercut areas with baseplate wax
- 3. Apply separating medium to cast
- 4. Sprinkle orthodontic resin within design area 2-3 mm thick
- 5. Submerge cast (teeth down) in 115 °F water, seal and pressurize to 20 psi for 30 minutes
- 6. Remove cast from pressure pot
- 7. Separate surgical splint from cast
- 8. Trim surgical splint using stones, burs, and rubber wheel
- 9. If prescribed, place holes in acrylic resin for ligature wires
- 10. Place patient identification
- 11. Pumice and polish surgical splint using rag wheel
- 12. Disinfect surgical splint, store in a humid environment



#### MODULE 5. FABRICATING SURGICAL SPLINTS

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate a clear acrylic resin surgical splint and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### **FABRICATING SURGICAL SPLINTS**

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Verify accuracy of cast		
2.	Block out undesirable undercuts before applying acrylic resin		
3.	Sprinkle the acrylic resin, ensuring adequate coverage and bulk for finishing		
4.	Ensure the acrylic resin is dense and completely cured		
5.	Remove the surgical splint from the cast without breaking or warping it		
6.	Properly finish and polish the surgical splint as per provider's instructions		
7.	Disinfect the surgical splint		

#### **FEEDBACK:**

Using this checklist as a source of information, discuss the trainee's performance indicating strengths and weaknesses, suggested improvements, etc. If the trainee performed all steps of the task satisfactorily, both the trainer and trainee should certify performance by appropriately documenting the OJT record.

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### MODULE 6. CONSTRUCTING RECORD BASES AND OCCLUSAL RIMS

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6a Construct record bases and occlusal rims

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to accurately construct maxillary and mandibular record bases and occlusal rims. Stress the importance of blocking out undesirable undercuts to prevent breaking or warping the record base. Have the trainee construct record bases and occlusal rims and suggest ways to improve performance. Ensure the trainee has received sufficient practice, then evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Acrylic Resin

Baseplate Wax

Disinfectant Solution

Separating Medium

Spatula

Template 0°

Alcohol Torch

Bunsen Burner

Pressure Pot

Small Artist Brush

Millimeter Ruler

- 1. Inspect casts for suitability and design record base
- 2. Block out casts to zero degrees
- 3. Apply separating medium to casts
- 4. Apply acrylic resin to a uniform thickness of approx. 2.0 mm
- 5. Submerge cast (teeth down) in 115 °F water, seal and pressurize to 20 psi for 30 minutes.
- 6. Remove assembly from pressure pot
- 7. Separate record base from cast
- 8. Trim record base to design and finish to optimal thickness
- 9. Replace record base on cast
- 10. Attach occlusal rim to record base over crest of the ridge
- 11. Modify wax to achieve proper dimensions, as prescribed by dentist
- 12. Smooth (flame) occlusion rims using alcohol torch
- 13. Polish bases and rims with damp cotton balls
- 14. Disinfect record base and store in a humid environment



# MODULE 6. CONSTRUCTING RECORD BASES AND OCCLUSAL RIMS

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to accurately construct record bases and occlusal rims and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

CONSTRUCTING RECORD BASES AND OCCLUSAL RIMS	YES	NO
DID THE TRAINEE?		
1. Ensure the casts are free of voids and nodules		
2. Blockout casts to zero degrees		
3. Apply acrylic resin to casts, reaching an optimal thickness		
4. Ensure the acrylic resin is dense and completely cured		
5. Carefully remove the cured record bases from the cast without breakage or warpage		
6. Finish and smooth record base borders, ensuring denture bearing areas are covered		
7. Trim the record bases to desired thickness and design length		
8. Adapt and modify wax rims to proper dimensions and ensure final product is polished		
Disinfect record bases		

#### **FEEDBACK:**

## MODULE 7. ARRANGING DENTURE TEETH FOR BILATERAL BALANCED OCCLUSION

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6b Select artificial teeth for prostheses

6c(1)(a) Arrange teeth for bilateral balanced occlusion

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

For this module, use 30° or 33° posterior teeth and applicable manufacturer's instructions. Demonstrate how to select mold and shade of artificial teeth as requested and arrange denture teeth for bilateral balanced occlusion. Stress the importance of scribing the midline on the maxillary cast to preserve the landmark. Explain purpose and function of balanced occlusion. Have the trainee arrange denture teeth for bilateral balanced occlusion and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:

Alcohol Torch Artificial Teeth Baseplate Wax

Burs Pencil Stones

Waxing Instruments

Articulator Bard Parker Bunsen Burner Millimeter Ruler Shade/Mold Guide

**Template** 



- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Mount casts
- 3. Measure high lip line and cuspid line markings
- 4. Select anterior and posterior denture teeth
- 5. Adjust articulator to proper settings
- 6. Scribe midline on base of maxillary cast using Bard Parker
- 7. Arrange maxillary anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 8. Outline retromolar pad in pencil
- 9. Draw line from center of retromolar pad along crest of ridge to projected cuspid location
- 10. Arrange maxillary posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 11. Arrange mandibular posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 12. Loosen articulator condylar settings
- 13. Raise incisal table angles to appropriate settings based on posterior teeth
- 14. Move articulator upper member to establish articulator guided working and balancing contacts
- 15. Secure condylar/incisal settings
- 16. Arrange mandibular anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 17. Ensure 1.0 mm vertical and horizontal overlap
- 18. Perform final check of occlusion

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# MODULE 7. ARRANGING DENTURE TEETH FOR BILATERAL BALANCED OCCLUSION

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to select the proper artificial tooth by shade and mold as prescribed by the provider. The trainee must be able to achieve a setup incorporating proper compensating curve and buccal alignment. The trainee must satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### ARRANGING TEETH FOR BILATERAL BALANCED OCCLUSION

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Ensure the casts were accurately mounted		
2.	Select the correct shade and mold of artificial tooth as prescribed by the provider		
3.	Verify the alignment of the midline between maxillary and mandibular teeth		
4.	Set the central sulcus of maxillary posterior teeth over the crest of the lower ridge		
5.	Set mandibular posterior teeth for correct working, balancing, and protrusive contacts		
6.	Arrange mandibular anteriors for optimum function and esthetics		
7.	Perform a final check on the occlusion to verify occlusal scheme		

#### **FEEDBACK:**



## MODULE 8. ARRANGING TEETH FOR MONOPLANE OCCLUSION

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6b Select artificial teeth for prostheses

6c(1)(b) Arrange teeth for monoplane occlusion

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

For this module, use 0° posterior teeth and applicable manufacturer's instructions. Demonstrate how to select mold and shade of artificial teeth as requested and arrange denture teeth for monoplane occlusion. Have the trainee arrange denture teeth for monoplane occlusion and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Alcohol Torch
Artificial Teeth
Baseplate Wax
Bursen Burner
Burs
Millimeter Ruler
Pencil
Shade/Mold Guide
Stones
Template
Waxing Instruments

- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Mount casts
- 3. Measure high lip line and cuspid line markings
- 4. Select anterior and posterior denture teeth
- 5. Adjust articulator to proper settings
- 6. Scribe midline on base of maxillary cast using Bard Parker
- 7. Arrange maxillary anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 8. Arrange mandibular anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 9. Outline retromolar pad in pencil
- 10. Draw line from center of retromolar pad along crest of ridge to projected cuspid location
- 11. Place a mark 2/3 up retromolar pad to indicate the mandibular occlusal plane height
- 12. Arrange mandibular posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 13. Arrange maxillary posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 14. Perform final check of occlusion



### MODULE 8. ARRANGING TEETH FOR MONOPLANE OCCLUSION

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to select the proper artificial tooth by shade and mold as prescribed by the provider. The trainee must be able to achieve a setup for monoplane occlusion and incorporate proper buccal alignment. The trainee must satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### ARRANGING TEETH FOR MONOPLANE OCCLUSION

DID	THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1. I	Ensure the casts were accurately mounted		
	Select the correct shade and mold of artificial tooth as prescribed by the provider		
II	Arrange maxillary and mandibular anteriors for optimum function and esthetics		
	Verify the alignment of the midline between maxillary and mandibular eeth		
	Set the buccal cusps of mandibular posterior teeth over the crest of the ower ridge		
11	Set maxillary posterior teeth for maximum intercuspation and sufficient norizontal overlap to prevent cheek biting		
7. I	Perform a final check on the occlusion to verify occlusal scheme		

#### **FEEDBACK:**

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#### MODULE 9. ARRANGING TEETH FOR CROSSBITE OCCLUSION

#### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6b Select artificial teeth for prostheses

6c(1)(c) Arrange teeth for crossbite occlusion

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

For this module, use 0° posterior teeth and applicable manufacturer's instructions. You may choose to certify training on this module using either semi-anatomic or nonanatomic posterior teeth in the setup. Demonstrate how to select mold and shade of artificial teeth as requested and arrange denture teeth for crossbite occlusion. Have the trainee arrange denture teeth for crossbite occlusion and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Alcohol Torch
Artificial Teeth
Baseplate Wax
Bursen Burner
Burs
Pencil
Stones
Articulator
Bard Parker
Bursen Burner
Millimeter Ruler
Shade/Mold Guide
Template

Waxing Instruments



- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Mount casts
- 3. Measure high lip line and cuspid line markings
- 4. Select anterior and posterior denture teeth
- 5. Adjust articulator to proper settings
- 6. Scribe midline on base of maxillary cast using Bard Parker
- 7. Arrange maxillary anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 8. Arrange mandibular anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 9. Outline retromolar pad in pencil
- 10. Draw line from center of retromolar pad along crest of ridge to projected cuspid location
- 11. Place a mark 2/3 up retromolar pad to indicate the mandibular occlusal plane height
- 12. Arrange mandibular posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 13. Arrange maxillary posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 14. Ensure sufficient negative horizontal overlap exists where teeth are in a crossbite relationship
- 15. Perform final check of occlusion

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# MODULE 9. ARRANGING TEETH FOR CROSSBITE OCCLUSION PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to select the proper artificial tooth by shade and mold as prescribed by the provider. The trainee must be able to achieve a setup for crossbite occlusion and incorporate proper buccal alignment. The trainee must satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### ARRANGING TEETH FOR CROSSBITE OCCLUSION

DID	THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Ensure the casts were accurately mounted		
	Select the correct shade and mold of artificial tooth as prescribed by the provider		
	Arrange maxillary and mandibular anteriors for optimum function and esthetics		
II	Verify the alignment of the midline between maxillary and mandibular teeth		
	Set the central sulcus of mandibular posterior teeth over the crest of the lower ridge		
ll ll	Set maxillary posterior teeth for maximum intercuspation and sufficient negative horizontal overlap to prevent cheek biting		
7. ]	Perform a final check on the occlusion to verify occlusal scheme		

#### **FEEDBACK:**



# MODULE 10. ARRANGING TEETH FOR OPPOSING NATURAL DENTITION

#### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6b Select artificial teeth for prostheses

6c(1)(d) Arrange teeth for opposing natural dentition

#### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

#### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

For this module, use anatomic or semianatomic posterior teeth and applicable manufacturer's instructions. Demonstrate how to select mold and shade of artificial teeth as requested and arrange denture teeth opposing natural dentition. Have the trainee arrange denture teeth opposing natural dentition and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

#### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Alcohol Torch
Artificial Teeth
Baseplate Wax
Bursen
Burner
Burs
Pencil
Articulator
Bard Parker
Bunsen Burner
Millimeter Ruler
Shade/Mold Guide

Stones Template
Waxing Instruments Handpiece

- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Mount casts
- 3. Measure high lip line and cuspid line markings
- 4. Select anterior and posterior denture teeth
- 5. Adjust articulator to proper settings
- 6. Scribe midline on base of maxillary cast using Bard Parker
- 7. Arrange maxillary anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 8. Open the vertical dimension of occlusion (VDO) approx. 1.0 mm to accommodate good centric occlusion after grind-in
- 9. Arrange maxillary posterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 10. Reset incisal guide pin and disclose occlusal contacts
- 11. Selective grind occlusal surfaces of teeth to reestablish original VDO
- 12. Reset teeth as necessary to achieve tight centric occlusal contacts with sufficient horizontal and vertical overlap for maximum intercuspation
- 13. Perform final check of occlusion



## MODULE 10. ARRANGING TEETH FOR OPPOSING NATURAL DENTITION

#### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to select the proper artificial tooth by shade and mold as prescribed by the provider. The trainee must be able to set artificial teeth against natural dentition. The trainee must satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

#### ARRANGING TEETH FOR OPPOSING NATURAL DENTITION

DID TH	HE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1. Ens	sure the casts were accurately mounted		
	ect the correct shade and mold of artificial tooth as prescribed by the vider		
3. Arra	ange maxillary anteriors for optimum function and esthetics		
4. Ver	rify placement of the midline		
11	maxillary posterior teeth with sufficient horizontal overlap to prevent ek biting		
6. Sele	ective grind occlusion for maximum intercuspation		
7. Per	form a final check on the occlusion to verify occlusal scheme		

#### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 11. ARRANGING TEETH FOR LINGUALIZED OCCLUSION

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6b Select artificial teeth for prostheses

6c(1)(e) Arrange teeth for lingualized occlusion

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

For this module, use semianatomic maxillary and nonanatomic mandibular posterior teeth and applicable manufacturer's instructions. Demonstrate how to select mold and shade of artificial teeth as requested and arrange denture teeth for lingualized occlusion. Have the trainee arrange denture teeth for lingualized occlusion and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

20° TemplateAlcohol TorchArticulatorArtificial TeethBard ParkerBaseplate WaxBunsen BurnerBurs

Bunsen Burner Burs
Millimeter Ruler Pencil
Shade/Mold Guide Stones

Waxing Instruments



- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Mount casts
- 3. Measure high lip line and cuspid line markings
- 4. Select anterior and posterior denture teeth
- 5. Adjust articulator to proper settings
- 6. Scribe midline on base of maxillary cast using Bard Parker
- 7. Arrange maxillary anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 8. Arrange mandibular anterior teeth IAW manufacturer's directions
- 9. Outline retromolar pad in pencil
- 10. Draw line from center of retromolar pad along crest of ridge to projected cuspid location
- 11. Place a mark 2/3 up retromolar pad to indicate the mandibular occlusal plane height
- 12. Arrange mandibular posterior teeth to contact the underside of a 20° template
- 13. Arrange maxillary posterior teeth with the lingual cusp contacting the central fossa and the buccal cusp slightly raised
- 14. Perform final check of occlusion

### MODULE 11. ARRANGING TEETH FOR LINGUALIZED OCCLUSION

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to select the proper artificial tooth by shade and mold as prescribed by the provider. The trainee must be able to achieve a setup for lingualized occlusion and incorporate proper buccal alignment. The trainee must satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### ARRANGING TEETH FOR LINGUALIZED OCCLUSION

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1. Ensure the casts were accurately mounted		
2. Select the correct shade and mold of artificial tooth as prescribed by the provider		
3. Arrange maxillary and mandibular anteriors for optimum function and esthetics		
4. Verify the alignment of the midline between maxillary and mandibular teeth		
5. Set the central sulcus of mandibular posterior teeth over the crest of the lower ridge		
6. Set maxillary posterior teeth, ensuring lingual cusps contact mandibular central fossa		
7. Raise maxillary buccal cusps of posterior teeth		
8. Perform a final check on the occlusion to verify occlusal scheme		

### **FEEDBACK:**



### MODULE 12. WAXING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6c(3) Wax-up denture bases

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to wax complete denture bases. Stress that after removal of the palate, the maxillary denture must be carefully handled to avoid breakage. Stress cleanliness of the denture teeth in the final wax-up. Have the trainee wax complete denture bases and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:

Alcohol Torch
Bunsen Burner
Dental Handpiece
Lab Saw
Squeeze Cloth
Waxing Instruments

Baseplate Wax Bur (No. 6) Fissure Bur Sheet Casting Wax Wax Pencil

- 1. Remove trial dentures from cast
- 2. Inspect cast for debris
- 3. Remove excess wax or debris by preferred method
- 4. Remove palate using fissure bur or lab saw
- 5. Clean debris from denture
- 6. Seat dentures on cast
- 7. Check centric occlusion
- 8. Wax flanges of both dentures to cast using baseplate wax
- 9. Reset teeth to centric occlusion, if adjustment is required
- 10. Wax palate of maxillary denture using 28-gauge sheet casting wax and one sheet of baseplate wax or use preformed palate
- 11. Blend wax into denture using waxing instrument
- 12. Bulk wax flanges of maxillary and mandibular dentures using baseplate wax
- 13. Perform gingival trim and shape root eminences using preferred waxing instruments
- 14. Shape labial flanges to provide proper lip support and promote denture retention
- 15. Prepare concave mandibular lingual flange to allow space for the patient's tongue
- 16. Smooth entire denture surface lightly using alcohol torch
- 17. Perform final gingival trim using preferred waxing instrument
- 18. Stipple wax area between first bicuspids by preferred method
- 19. Remove wax from teeth using squeeze cloth and dental instrument
- 20. Verify occlusion



### MODULE 12. WAXING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to wax complete denture bases and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### WAXING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

DID THE TRAINEE?		YES	NO
1.	Remove the palate without breakage and accurately reseat the denture on the cast		
2.	Replace the palate with wax or preformed palate, producing a uniform thickness		
3.	Recheck the occlusion and make any necessary adjustments to return the denture teeth to the prescribed occlusal relationship		
4.	Bulk wax dentures to provide adequate wax thickness for contouring		
5.	Carve gingival trim and root eminences to simulate natural tissue contours without creating food traps		
6.	Shape the labial flanges to allow for the lips, cheeks and tongue		
7.	Smooth the waxup and redefine the gingival trim, ensuring removal of all excess wax from the denture teeth		

### **FEEDBACK:**

### MODULE 13. PROCESSING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6c(4)(a)	Flask complete dentures
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6c(4)(b) Eliminate wax

6c(4)(c) Create posterior palatal seals

6c(4)(e) Pack acrylic resins

6c(4)(f) Cure denture bases

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to process acrylic resin for denture bases. Emphasize that processing techniques vary from product to product. A trainee should review and follow the manufacturer's instructions each time they use an acrylic resin product. Stress the importance of eliminating all undercuts in bottom half flasking. Stress the importance of achieving metal-to-metal contact between flask halves during final closure. Have the trainee process acrylic resin and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:

Acrylic Resin Boil-Out Unit

Brush Burs

Curing Unit Dental Handtools/Instruments

Dental Stone Detergent
Flask Flask Carrier
Flask Press Metal Ladle

Mixing Bowl Mixing Jar with Lid

Packing Sheets Gloves

Vacuum Mixer Separating Medium



- 1. Apply separating medium to cast and flask
- 2. Prepare stone mixture to creamy consistency and pour in lower half of flask
- 3. Place cast in stone, pouring additional stone to land area of cast
- 4. Smooth surface of stone to eliminate all undercuts
- 5. Allow stone mix to set until firm
- 6. Apply separating medium to stone surface
- 7. Prepare stone mixture using vacuum mixer and pour upper half of flask to occlusal of teeth
- 8. Create a trough in tongue space of second pour to ease deflasking
- 9. Allow mix to set until hard and apply separating medium to stone surface
- 10. Cap with stone mix, slightly overfilling flask and place lid on flask
- 11. Allow stone to set and clean excess stone from exterior of flask
- 12. Submerge flask in boil-out unit for 5 minutes
- 13. Open mold using deflasking chisel
- 14. Remove any solid wax from mold using a dental waxing instrument
- 15. Flush out remaining wax from each flask half using metal ladle or available pump system
- 16. Scrub out mold halves using brush and detergent
- 17. Rinse out mold halves with clean water by ladle or pump method
- 18. Return maxillary lower half of flask to dentist for designing posterior palatal seal area
- 19. Carve posterior palatal seal to prescribed width and depth if not done previously
- 20. Grind diatorics in ridge lap portion of acrylic denture teeth
- 21. Apply separating medium to stone areas of mold
- 22. Ensure separating medium does not touch ridge lap area of acrylic teeth
- 23. Measure and mix and acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 24. Roll and flatten resin dough, and cut into strips
- 25. Press strips gently into upper flask covering teeth and denture base
- 26. Place 2 plastic packing sheets over acrylic areas
- 27. Replace opposite flask half and place flask in flask press
- 28. Apply appropriate pressure to flask IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 29. Separate two halves of flask and remove packing sheets
- 30. Remove excess acrylic using blunt edged instrument
- 31. Trial pack the mold at least two times or until flash no longer appears
- 32. Perform final closure of flask with no packing sheets
- 33. Place flask in flask carrier
- 34. Submerge carrier in curing unit and cure acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions

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### MODULE 13. PROCESSING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to process complete denture bases and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### PROCESSING COMPLETE DENTURE BASES

DID THE TRAINEE?		NO
1. Properly prepare the flask and cast by applying separator		
2. Pour lower half of flask without incorporating undercuts in the stone		
3. Pour upper half of flask and stone cap, ensuring separator was applied between each new stone mixture		
4. Heat the flask in boiling water for 5-6 minutes and separate the flask halves without breakage		
5. Thoroughly clean the flask halves with detergent and flush with clean hot water		
Carve the posterior palatal seal into the maxillary cast following the dentists design		
7. Clean ridge laps of the teeth with monomer		
8. Mix acrylic resin according to manufacturer's directions		
9. Allow resin dough to reach packing consistency and properly roll/flatten to align fibers		
10. Trial pack the mold at least two times, or until achieving metal to metal contact between the flask halves with minimal flash of acrylic		
11. Final close the flask without a plastic sheet, place in flask carrier and tighten press		
12. Place the flask/flask carrier assembly in curing unit and cure in accordance with manufacturer's directions		



### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 14. APPLYING DENTURE BASE STAINS

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6c(4)(d) Apply denture base stains

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

Manufacturer's directions

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to stain acrylic resin for light or dark skinned patients. Have the trainee apply denture base stains and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Brushes Denture Stain Kit Monomer Bottle with Eyedropper Separating Medium

- 1. Apply separating medium to stone areas of mold
- 2. Ensure separating medium does not touch acrylic teeth area
- 3. Sprinkle "h" (near white) polymer over labial and buccal base surfaces in a thin layer
- 4. Seep drops of monomer onto resin from peripheral edge of base using eyedropper
- 5. Apply "f" (light red) resin over the "h" resin covered areas of denture base
- 6. Substitute "b" colored resin for darker-skinned patients
- 7. Apply "a" (medium red) resin in interseptal area of denture base
- 8. Concentrate "h" resin at necks of root eminences of teeth, fading apically
- 9. Apply "f" resin to open and completed areas, avoiding borders, approximately 1-2 mm thickness
- 10. Substitute "b" resin for darker-skinned patients
- 11. Apply "a" resin to alveolar mucosa and border areas
- 12. Apply "No. 4" (dark red) resin to frenum areas
- 13. Place tinted mold in covered container with monomer moistened cotton roll for 20 minutes



### MODULE 14. APPLYING DENTURE BASE STAINS

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to apply denture base stains and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### APPLYING DENTURE BASE STAINS

DID THE TRAINEE?		YES	NO
1.	Sprinkle "h" (near white) polymer over labial and buccal base surfaces in a thin layer and moisten with monomer		
2.	Apply "f" (light red) resin over the "h" resin covered areas of denture base (Substitute "b" colored resin for darker-skinned patients)		
3.	Apply "a" (medium red) resin in interseptal area of denture base		
4.	Concentrate "h" resin at necks of root eminences of teeth, fading apically		
5.	Apply "f" resin to open and completed areas, avoiding borders, (Substitute "b" resin for darker-skinned patients)		
6.	Apply "a" resin to alveolar mucosa and border areas		
7.	Apply "No. 4" (dark red) resin to frenum areas		
8.	Place tinted mold in covered container with monomer moistened cotton roll for 20 minutes		

### **FEEDBACK:**

## MODULE 15. RESTORING THE OCCLUSION OF PROCESSED COMPLETE AND REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6c(5) Recover and remount dentures

6c(6) Restore and refine occlusion

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to deflask, remount and perform selective grinding procedures on processed dentures. Stress caution when making cuts to ensure the denture is not damaged. Stress accuracy during the remounting procedure. Have the trainee deflask, remount and perform selective grinding procedures, and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Air or Electric Chisel Articulating Paper (red & black) Bunsen Burner Deflasking Chisels (2) Flask Carrier Knife Lathe

Plaster Knife

Articulator Compound Wax Dental Handpieces Flask Ejector Large Cutoff Disc Mill-In Paste Dental burs 44\_\_\_\_\_\_VOLUME 3



- 1. Remove flask from curing unit and bench cool to room temperature
- 2. Remove flask from flask carrier
- 3. Remove flask cover and place flask in flask ejector
- 4. Place deflasking chisels into flask ejector slots
- 5. Press or push downward on deflasking chisels to separate flask from stone mold
- 6. Invert flask ejector and repeat separation procedures
- 7. Remove mold and flask from flask ejector
- 8. Make cuts in heel and cuspid area to remove denture and cast from mold
- 9. Ensure denture is not damaged
- 10. Remove stone from palate or tongue area of denture using air chisel
- 11. Clear remaining stone from cast using plaster knife
- 12. Clean base of cast and mounting
- 13. Attach cast to articulator mounting using hot compound material
- 14. Ensure cast/mounting junction line is not completely covered and cast is fully seated
- 15. Adjust articulator settings to duplicate previous settings
- 16. Place black articulating paper on left and right sides of denture and disclose high spots
- 17. Achieve maximum intercuspation (MI) by grinding fossae, proximal marginal ridges, and cusp inclines of denture using bur
- 18. Repeat disclosing and grinding procedures until incisal guide pin touches guide table
- 19. Place red articulating paper on left and right sides of denture
- 20. Slide upper member of articulator to right and left
- 21. Reduce excursive markings by grinding until working and balancing contacts are achieved
- 22. Place red articulating paper on left, right, and anterior of denture
- 23. Slide upper member of articulator to rear
- 24. Reduce protrusive markings by grinding until posterior tooth contact is achieved with simultaneous anterior tooth contact
- 25. Apply mill-in paste to occlusal surfaces of teeth
- 26. Slide upper member through excursive movements to duplicate chewing cycle
- 27. Clean dentures using soap and water

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## MODULE 15. RESTORING THE OCCLUSION OF PROCESSED COMPLETE AND REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to deflask, remount and perform selective grinding procedures and satisfactorily perform all tasks without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

## RESTORING THE OCCLUSION OF PROCESSED COMPLETE AND REMOVABLE PARTIAL DENTURES

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
Remove the flask from the curing unit and allow to bench cool to room temperature		
2. Recover the processed denture/cast from the mold without damaging the denture or cast		
3. Accurately remount the cast		
4. Restore vertical dimension of occlusion ensuring all contacts are equally distributed when incisal guide pin touches the incisal table		
5. Restore working/balancing contacts equally, ensuring left/right eccentric contacts are evenly distributed		
6. Restore protrusive contacts equally ,ensuring positive anterior/posterior contacts exists in both areas		
7. Apply milling paste to occlusal surfaces of teeth and slide through excursive movements, duplicating the chewing cycle		
8. Clean excess milling paste from the teeth and denture base		

### **FEEDBACK:**



## MODULE 16. CONSTRUCTING REMOUNTING INDICES AND REMOUNT CASTS

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6c(7) Construct remounting indices

6c(9) Construct remount casts

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to construct remounting indices and remount casts. Stress the importance of ensuring that the incisal guide pin touches the table. Have the trainee construct remounting indices and remount casts, and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Articulator
Cast Trimmer
Clay
Dental Handtools/Instruments
Millimeter Ruler/Gauge
Sticky Wax
Mixing bowl
Beading Wax
Clay
Preweighed Dental Stone
Remounting Table
Boxing wax
Spatula

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- 1. Remove lower cast and mounting from articulator
- 2. Install remounting table on lower member of articulator
- 3. Ensure adequate clearance between denture teeth and remounting table for addition of stone patty
- 4. Mix dental stone and place on remount table
- 5. Close articulator with only incisal edges and cusp tips of posterior teeth embedded in stone patty
- 6. Ensure incisal guide pin is in contact with incisal guide table
- 7. Remove any excess stone, if required, and allow to set
- 8. Inspect remount index for stability
- 9. Block out all tissue side undercuts on internal (intaglio) surface of denture using clay or wet tissue paper
- 10. Bead border of denture, leaving peripheral roll exposed
- 11. Mix dental stone to thick consistency
- 12. Fabricate stone patty slightly larger than denture to 5.0 mm thickness
- 13. Seat denture into patty until peripheral roll is covered
- 14. Allow stone to set and remove denture from cast
- 15. Trim cast to approximately 3.0 mm from peripheral roll indentation
- 16. Reseat maxillary denture on remount cast and attach using sticky wax
- 17. Place maxillary denture in remounting index and attach using sticky wax
- 18. Articulate remount cast, ensuring incisal guide pin touches the incisal guide table
- 19. Remove denture from remount cast and clean wax from denture surfaces
- 20. Disinfect completed dentures store in a humid environment



## MODULE 16. CONSTRUCTING REMOUNTING INDICES AND REMOUNT CASTS

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to construct remounting indices/index and remount casts and satisfactorily perform all tasks without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

## HOW TO CONSTRUCT REMOUNTING INDICES/INDEX AND REMOUNT CASTS

DID THE TRAINEE?		YES	NO
1.	Properly prepare the articulator by removing the mandibular mounting and attaching the remounting table		
2.	Construct the remounting index by slightly embedding the incisal edges and cusp tips in the patty, ensuring the incisal guide pin contacts the table		
3.	Prepare the denture by blocking out all tissue undercuts and placing beading wax around the peripheral border		
4.	Gently seat the denture into a stone patty to index the peripheral roll		
5.	Trim the stone patty to approximately 3 mm from the peripheral roll indentations		
6.	Lute the denture to both the cast and remounting index, and accurately mount the cast		
7.	Remove sticky wax and disinfect the completed denture		

### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 17. FINISHING AND POLISHING COMPLETE DENTURES

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6c(8) Finish and polish dentures

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to finish and polish complete dentures. Emphasize caution when removing cast pieces to prevent breaking the denture. Have the trainee finish and polish complete dentures, and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Acrylic Resin Air or Electric Chisel

Assorted Burs/Stones Bench Lathe

Disinfectant Solution Electric Handpiece

Identification (ID) Material Lab Saw

Polishing Compound Polishing Lathe

Pumice Rag Wheels

Ultrasonic Cleaner

- 1. Separate denture from cast using air chisel or lab saw
- 2. Trim off excess stone and acrylic resin using bur and handpiece/bench lathe
- 3. Remove any sharp spots from tissue area
- 4. Place denture identification on external (cameo) surface--lingual flange of mandibular/palatal of maxillary
- 5. Remove scratches using polishing lathe with wet rag wheel and pumice
- 6. Rinse denture under running water to remove excess pumice
- 7. Polish denture with polishing compound using rag wheel
- 8. Place denture in ultrasonic cleaner after polishing to remove polishing compound
- 9. Disinfect denture, store in a humid environment



## MODULE 17. FINISHING AND POLISHING COMPLETE DENTURES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to finish and polish complete dentures and satisfactorily perform all tasks without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FINISHING AND POLISHING COMPLETE DENTURES

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Separate the denture bases from the cast without damaging the acrylic resin		`
2.	Remove flash and correct denture contours		
3.	Properly place patient ID and smooth the denture bases without altering contours or tooth anatomy		
4.	Polish the denture bases, producing a smooth, hygienic surface		
5.	Clean and disinfect the completed dentures		

### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 18. FABRICATING IMMEDIATE DENTURES

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6d(1) Arrange artificial teeth

6d(2) Wax-up denture bases

6d(3) Fabricate surgical templates

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to fabricate immediate dentures. Stress cleanliness of the denture teeth in the final wax-up. Have the trainee fabricate immediate dentures and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Acrylic Resin Alcohol Torch Articulator Baseplate Wax

Boil-Out Unit Brush Bunsen Burner Burs

Crown & Bridge Saw Curing Unit
Dental Handtools/Instruments Dental Stone

Detergent Flask

Flask Carrier

Metal Ladle

Mixing Bowl

Mixing Jar with Lid

Separating Medium

Flask Press

Mixing Bowl

Packing Sheets

Vacuum Mixer

Patient ID Material Gloves

Disinfectant Acrylic Teeth



- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Articulate cast using proper articulator settings
- 3. Alternately remove and replace anterior teeth one tooth at a time
- 4. Remove all posterior stone teeth using bur
- 5. Set posterior teeth in baseplate wax to prescribed occlusal relationship
- 6. Bulk wax flanges of maxillary and mandibular dentures using baseplate wax
- 7. Perform gingival trim and shape root eminences using preferred waxing instruments
- 8. Shape facial flanges to provide proper lip support and promote denture retention
- 9. Contour mandibular lingual flange to allow space for the patients tongue
- 10. Smooth entire denture surface using alcohol torch
- 11. Perform final gingival trim using preferred waxing instrument
- 12. Remove wax from teeth using squeeze cloth and dental instrument
- 13. Verify occlusion
- 14. Flask denture
- 15. Eliminate wax from denture mold
- 16. Return lower half flask to dentist to trim cast and design surgical template
- 17. Make impression of trimmed cast using alginate impression material
- 18. Pour and trim duplicate cast
- 19. Adapt sheet of baseplate wax to tissue surface of cast
- 20. Flask surgical template
- 21. Eliminate wax from mold
- 22. Carve posterior palatal seal to prescribed width and depth
- 23. Apply separating medium to stone areas of mold
- 24. Mix acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 25. Trial pack molds IAW manufacturer's directions
- 26. Perform final closure of flasks with no packing sheets
- 27. Place flasks in flask carrier
- 28. Submerge carrier in curing unit and cure acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 29. Deflask and remount denture
- 30. Perform selective grinding procedures to return denture to previously established occlusal relationship
- 31. Remove denture and surgical template from cast
- 32. Place patient ID and finish and polish denture base and surgical template
- 33. Disinfect completed denture and surgical template
- 34. Store in a humid environment

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### MODULE 18. FABRICATING IMMEDIATE DENTURES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate immediate dentures and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING IMMEDIATE DENTURES

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Remove and replace the anterior teeth one at a time, preserving the proximal contacts and duplicating the original axial inclinations		
2.	Remove the posterior teeth and arrange the denture teeth in the prescribed occlusal relationship		
3.	Wax gingival margins and root eminences to simulate natural tissue contours without creating food traps		
4.	Shape the labial and lingual flanges to allow for the natural drape of the lips, cheeks and tongue		
5.	Smooth the wax and re-define the gingival trim, ensuring removal of all excess wax from the denture teeth		
6.	Verify the occlusion		
7.	Flask and boilout the denture mold, and make a duplicate cast to process the surgical template		
8.	Process acrylic resin into the denture and surgical template molds following the manufacturer's directions for mixing, packing, and curing		
9.	Deflask the denture without breakage, remount and re-establish the prescribed occlusal relationship		
10	Place patient ID, finish and polish the denture base and surgical template, to refine contours and produce a smooth, hygienic surface		
11	. Clean and disinfect the completed denture and surgical template		



### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 19. FABRICATING RPD DENTURE BASES

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

- 6f(1) Arrange artificial teeth for RPDs
- 6f(2) Wax-up RPD denture base areas
- 6f(3) Process RPD denture bases
- 6f(4) Finish and polish RPD denture bases

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Explain the purpose of raising the incisal guide pin 0.5 mm. Demonstrate how to fabricate RPD bases. Emphasize caution when separating flask halves to prevent breakage. Have the trainee fabricate RPD bases and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Acrylic Resin Alcohol Torch
Articulator Artificial Teeth
Baseplate Wax Boil-Out Unit
Brush Bunsen Burner
Burs Curing Unit
Dental Handtools/Instruments Dental Stone

Detergent Disinfectant Solution

Flask Press Flask Carrier
Metal Ladle

Mixing BowlMixing Jar with LidPacking SheetsSeparating Medium

Vacuum Mixer Gloves
Patient ID material Pumice
Polishing Compound



- 1. Review DD Form 2322 for specific instructions (shade, mold, and brand)
- 2. Articulate casts using proper settings
- 3. Stabilize free-end tissue stop to prevent vertical (downward) movement, if applicable
- 4. Raise incisal guide pin by 0.5 mm
- 5. Grind posterior teeth to fit framework using burs
- 6. Set posterior teeth to framework using baseplate wax
- 7. Return incisal guide pin to original setting
- 8. Reposition teeth to achieve tight centric and 1 mm horizontal overlap
- 9. Grind posterior teeth until incisal guide pin is in contact with incisal guide table
- 10. Wax RPD denture base
- 11. Boil-out and flask IAW module 13
- 12. Mix acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 13. Split pack denture base areas
- 14. Trial pack using cellophane sheets
- 15. Perform final pack with no cellophane sheets
- 16. Ensure metal to metal contact between flask halves
- 17. Place flask in carrier
- 18. Place flask carrier in curing unit and cure resin IAW manufacturer's instructions
- 19. Remove flask from curing unit and bench cool to room temperature
- 20. Remove flask from flask carrier
- 21. Remove flask lid and place flask in flask ejector
- 22. Place deflasking chisels into flask ejector slots
- 23. Press or push downward on deflasking chisels to separate flask from stone mold
- 24. Invert flask ejector and repeat separation procedures
- 25. Remove mold and flask from flask ejector
- 26. Make cuts in heel and cuspid area to remove RPD and cast from mold
- 27. Ensure RPD is not damaged
- 28. Remove stone from palate or tongue area of RPD using air chisel
- 29. Clear remaining stone from cast using plaster knife
- 30. Remount and restore occlusion, as prescribed by dentist
- 31. Separate RPD from cast using air chisel or crown and bridge saw
- 32. Trim off excess stone and acrylic using bur and handpiece/bench lathe
- 33. Remove any sharp spots from tissue area
- 34. Place patient identification either in resin or scribed in framework
- 35. Remove scratches using polishing lathe with wet rag wheel and pumice
- 36. Polish RPD with polishing compound using rag wheel
- 37. Clean and disinfect RPD and store in a humid environment

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### MODULE 19. FABRICATING RPD DENTURE BASES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate RPD bases and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING RPD DENTURE BASES

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1. Raise the incisal guide pin 0.5 mm		
2. Set the denture teeth in the prescribed occlusal relationship		
3. (if applicable) Stabilize the tissue stop from occlusal (vertical forces)		
4. Return the incisal guide pin to its original position and grind the denture teeth into maximum intercuspation ensuring at least 1mm horizontal overlap with the pin in contact with the incisal guide table		
5. Wax the denture base areas to simulate natural tissue contours		
6. Flask the RPD without incorporating undercuts in the lower half flask and boilout the mold without breakage		
7. Mix, split pack and cure the acrylic resin following the manufacturer's directions		
Deflask the processed RPD without breakage, remount and correct the processing errors		
9. Remove the RPD from the cast, ensuring the framework is not distorted and the acrylic resin is not fractured		
10. Place patient ID and finish and polish the RPD to refine the contours and create a smooth, hygienic surface		
11. Clean and disinfect the finished RPD		

### **FEEDBACK:**



### MODULE 20. RELINING REMOVABLE PROSTHESES

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

6g Reline removable prostheses

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to properly reline a maxillary or mandibular removable prosthesis. Ensure that the trainee disinfects the prosthesis prior to working on it. Stress the need for taking care when boxing the prosthesis to prevent distorting the new impression material. When an RPD is being relined be careful not to bury delicate parts of the RPD in the stone. Stress that a clean surface needs to be achieved to ensure proper bonding of the new acrylic resin. Stress the importance of tightening the jig until metal-to-metal contact is achieved. Have the trainee perform reline procedures and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:

Acrylic Resin Boxing Wax

Bur

Cotton-Tipped Applicator Polishing Compound

Pumice

Separating Medium

Sticky Wax Vacuum Mixer

Vibrator

Patient ID Material

Finishing and Polishing Wheels

Air or Electric Chisel

Bunsen Burner Cast Trimmer

Preweighed Dental Stone

Pressure Pot Reline Jig

Small Artist Brush Tin-Foil Substitute Vacuum Mixing Bowl

Gloves Disinfectant VOLUME 3 59

- 1. Disinfect denture, or removable partial denture (RPD)
- 2. Bead, box and pour impression
- 3. Allow stone to set for one hour (final set)
- 4. Cut index notches on posterior and anterior areas of cast
- 5. Mix dental stone to thickened consistency and fabricate stone patty on lower member of jig
- 6. Invert denture into patty slightly indexing incisal edges and cusp tips
- 7. Allow stone patty to set
- 8. Mix dental stone and mount cast to upper member of jig
- 9. Tighten jig lock nuts to ensure metal to metal contact
- 10. Allow stone to set
- 11. Remove prosthesis from cast
- 12. Cut a posterior palatal seal in maxillary cast, if required
- 13. Apply separator substitute to cast
- 14. Remove reline material from denture base
- 15. Fabricate butt-joint on peripheral borders of denture
- 16. Roughen entire tissue surface of denture base and clean with monomer and cotton swabs
- 17. Place prosthesis into lower member index
- 18. Sticky-wax teeth onto stone index
- 19. Mix IAW manufacturer's instructions, ensuring no trapped air
- 20. Apply acrylic resin to denture base and cast, filling all voids
- 21. Reassemble reline jig
- 22. Alternately tighten lock nuts, ensuring metal to metal contact is achieved
- 23. Mold excess acrylic resin around denture borders using monomer soaked cotton-tipped applicator
- 24. Submerge cast (teeth down) in 115 °F water, seal and pressurize to 20 psi for 30 minutes.
- 25. Separate prosthesis from cast using air chisel
- 26. Trim excess acrylic resin to peripheral borders using bur
- 27. Insert patient ID
- 28. Pumice prosthesis using rag wheel or bur
- 29. Polish prosthesis with polishing compound using rag wheel
- 30. Disinfect prosthesis store in a humid environment



### MODULE 20. RELINING REMOVABLE PROSTHESES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to accurately reline a removable prosthetic appliance and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### RELINING REMOVABLE PROSTHESES

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
Disinfect the appliance prior to working on it		
2. Pour the impression, producing an accurate master cast		
3. Accurately mount the prosthesis in the reline jig, ensuring metal to metal contact between the jig halves		
4. Carefully remove the prosthesis from the cast and prepare the cast for packing procedures		
5. Remove all impression material from the prosthesis and create a butt joint at periphery		
6. Securely fasten the prosthesis to the lower member of the jig		
7. Apply separator to all acrylic resin contact areas		
8. Properly mix and apply the acrylic resin to the prepared denture base		
9. Correctly reassemble and tighten the jig		
10. Submerge the assembly in a pressure pot to cure the acrylic resin		
11. Carefully remove the prosthesis from the cast without breaking or warping acrylic resin		
12. Place patient ID and finish and polish the prosthesis		
13. Disinfect the prosthesis		

### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 21. REBASING COMPLETE DENTURES

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

6h Rebase complete dentures

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to rebase complete dentures. Ensure the occlusal surfaces of the teeth are adequately indexed in stone to prevent tooth movement. Stress caution to prevent breakage of the cast during separation. Have the trainee rebase complete dentures and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Acrylic Resin Artificial Stone
Baseplate Wax Bunsen Burner
Burs Cast Trimmer

Curing Unit Dental Handtools/Instruments

Disinfectant Solution Flask

Flask Press Identification (ID) Material
Mixing Bowl Polishing Compound

Polishing Lathe Polyvinyl Siloxane Impression Material

Ragwheels Separating Medium

Sticky Wax Gloves
Patient ID Pumice



- 1. Disinfect denture,
- 2. Fabricate cast using denture as impression
- 3. Augment any deficient denture base contours with baseplate wax
- 4. Flask denture using polyvinyl siloxane material for upper half of flask
- 5. Separate flask halves and remove denture from cast
- 6. Remove denture base material from teeth
- 7. Replace denture teeth in upper half of flask and apply separator to exposed stone areas
- 8. Mix, pack, and cure acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's directions
- 9. Deflask denture and remove from cast
- 10. Grind denture base to remove sharp flash and refine denture contours
- 11. Place patient ID
- 12. Pumice and polish denture using ragwheels
- 13. Clean and disinfect complete denture and store in a humid environment

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### MODULE 21. REBASING COMPLETE DENTURES

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to rebase complete dentures and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### REBASING COMPLETE DENTURES

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Disinfect the denture and accurately pour the rebase cast		
2.	Augment the denture base contours to produce a natural appearance and promote denture retention		
3.	Flask the denture, ensuring facial/lingual flanges were coated with polyvinyl siloxane material and occlusal surfaces were indexed in stone		
4.	Separate the flask halves without breakage and carefully remove the denture from the rebase cast		
5.	Grind the denture base material from the teeth without altering the tooth contours		
6.	Accurately reseat the denture teeth in the upper half of the flask and apply separator		
7.	Mix, pack and cure the acrylic resin IAW manufacturer's directions		
8.	Deflask the processed denture and remove from the cast without fracturing the denture		
9.	Place patient ID and finish and polish the denture to refine the contours and provide a smooth hygienic surface		
10.	Clean and disinfect the denture		

### **FEEDBACK:**



### MODULE 22. PREPARING REINFORCED ACRYLIC PONTICS

### **STS TASK REFERENCE(S):**

7d(9) Prepare Reinforced Acrylic Pontics

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 2, Dental Laboratory Technology

**Local Instructions** 

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to select the proper artificial tooth according to the provider's instructions and prepare reinforced acrylic pontics (RAP). Ensure the artificial tooth is positioned on the master cast to avoid all occlusal and lateral interferences. When constructing and removing the matrix from the cast, stress the importance of preserving adjacent teeth. Have the trainee prepare reinforced acrylic pontics and suggest ways to improve. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCE(S):**

Artificial Teeth Baseplate Wax

Bunsen Burner Burs

Dental Stone Disinfectant Solution
Handpiece Or Lathe Mixing Spatula
Rubber Bowl Separating Medium

Sticky Wax Wax Pencil

- 1. Refer to DD form 2322 for instructions (shade and mold)
- 2. Select artificial tooth for proper mold and shade
- 3. Mark ridge and proximal areas for selective grinding
- 4. Grind tooth for proper contour and wax into position
- 5. Apply separator to RAP area
- 6. Mix stone and apply to RAP area to fabricate matrix
- 7. Allow stone to set and remove matrix from cast
- 8. Trim matrix, using knife or lathe
- 9. Remove wax from stone cast
- 10. Verify proper fit
- 11. Disinfect and store in a humid environment

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# MODULE 22. PREPARING REINFORCED ACRYLIC PONTICS PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate reinforced acrylic pontics for removable partial dentures and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### PREPARING REINFORCED ACRYLIC PONTICS

DI	D THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1.	Select proper shade and mold of tooth		
2.	Mark the cast and grind tooth for proper contour and fit		
3.	Wax tooth into position, apply separator to the cast and fabricate stone matrix		
4.	Clean wax from the stone cast		
5.	Verify accuracy of the fit between the RAP, stone matrix, and the cast		

### **FEEDBACK:**

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## MODULE 23. FABRICATING CANTILEVER LOOP SPACE MAINTAINERS

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

8c Fabricate cantilever loop space maintainers

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 3, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to fabricate cantilever loop space maintainers. Stress the importance of ensuring the band does not move during the cast fabrication procedure. Care should be taken not to overheat the solder. Have the trainee fabricate cantilever loop space maintainers and suggest ways to improve performance. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Dental Handtools/Instruments

Disinfectant Solution

Mixing Bowl

Orthodontic Soldering Torch

Orthodontic Wire

Rubber Points

Spatula

Stones

Dental Stone

Fluoride Flux

Orthodontic Soldering Torch

Polishing Compound

Silver Solder

Sticky Wax

Orthodontic wire-bending pliers

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- 1. Disinfect impression
- 2. Stabilize orthodontic band to alginate impression
- 3. Pour artificial stone into impression without disturbing band position
- 4. Separate cast from impression without disturbing band position
- 5. Adapt orthodontic wire to form cantilever loop
- 6. Sticky wax loop into position on cast and cover wire with stone, except in band/wire junction area
- 7. Remove sticky wax and ensure wire is in contact with band
- 8. Adjust orthodontic soldering torch to maximize reducing portion of flame
- 9. Place flux in solder area and solder loop to band using silver solder
- 10. Bulk finish soldered appliance on cast using stones and rubber points
- 11. Remove appliance from cast with care
- 12. Finish and polish appliance using stones and rubber points
- 13. Disinfect appliance and store in a humid environment



## MODULE 23. FABRICATING CANTILEVER LOOP SPACE MAINTAINERS

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to fabricate cantilever loop space maintainers and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING CANTILEVER LOOP SPACE MAINTAINERS

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
1. Disinfect the impression and construct the cast without disturbing the bar	nd	
2. Adapt the orthodontic wire evenly across the facial and lingual surfaces of the band	of	
3. Adapt the stone matrix without covering the solder area or disturbing the wire		
4. Accurately solder the wire to the band without porosity		
5. Finish solder joints without compromising strength		
6. Smooth and polish the solder joints to a high luster		
7. Clean and disinfect the appliance		

### **FEEDBACK:**

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### MODULE 24. FABRICATING HAWLEY RETAINERS

### STS TASK REFERENCE(S):

8d Fabricate Hawley retainers

### TRAINING REFERENCE(S):

AFP 162-6, Vol 3, Dental Laboratory Technology

### **EVALUATION INSTRUCTIONS:**

Demonstrate how to fabricate Hawley retainers. Ensure the trainee applies separator to the cast before applying the acrylic resin. Have the trainee fabricate Hawley retainers and suggest ways to improve. Ensure the appliance is disinfected. After ensuring the trainee has received sufficient practice, evaluate his/her abilities using the performance checklist.

### **PERFORMANCE RESOURCES:**

Baseplate Wax
Burs
Disinfectant Solution
Orthodontic Pliers
Orthodontic Wire
Bursen Burner
Orthodontic Resin
Orthodontic Wire

Pressure Pot Pumice

Rag Wheels Separating Medium

Spatula Sticky Wax Wax Pencil (Red & Blue) Wire Cutters

Patient ID material Dental instruments

- 1. Transfer design from DD Form 2322 to working cast surface
- 2. Block out undesirable undercuts with baseplate wax
- 3. Cut orthodontic wires to approximate required length
- 4. Bend orthodontic wires to design cast specifications
- 5. Secure orthodontic wires to cast with sticky-wax
- 6. Apply separating medium to cast
- 7. Sprinkle the acrylic resin to adequate thickness and coverage
- 8. Submerge cast (teeth down) in 115 °F water, seal and pressurize to 20 psi for 30 minutes.
- 9. Remove cast from pressure pot
- 10. Remove sticky wax
- 11. Place patient identification in appliance
- 12. Separate appliance from cast
- 13. Finish and polish appliance
- 14. Disinfect appliance and store in a humid environment



### **MODULE 24. FABRICATING HAWLEY RETAINERS**

### PERFORMANCE CHECKLIST

### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

The trainee must be able to accurately fabricate a maxillary or mandibular Hawley retainer and satisfactorily perform all parts of the task without assistance. Ensure proper safety precautions are followed. Evaluate the trainee's performance using this checklist.

### FABRICATING HAWLEY RETAINERS

DID THE TRAINEE?	YES	NO
Properly block out the cast		
2. Adapt the proper size wire to the cast following the providers instructions		
Apply separator and sprinkle the acrylic resin to adequate thickness and coverage		
4. Completely cure the acrylic resin		
5. Separate the appliance without warping or breaking it		
6. Finish the appliance to a uniform thickness without damaging the wires		
7. Polish the appliance creating a smooth, hygienic surface		
8. Disinfect the appliance		

### **FEEDBACK:**

VOLUME 3 Appendix A

### **Dental Laboratory Qualification Training Progress Record**

Rank/Name		O
	(Circle One)	
Qualification Ungrada Training to	5-Skill Lavel 7-Skill	Laval

Volume 3. Fabricating Removable and Orthodontic Appliances							
Core Task	Module Number	Page Number	Module Title	Date Completed	Trainer's Initials		
	1.	1	Fabricating Athletic Mouthguards and Fluoride Carriers				
	2.	4	Fabricating Interim Removable Partial Dentures (RPD)				
5	3.	8	Fabricating Temporomandibular Joint Dysfunction (TMD) Appliances				
	4.	11	Fabricating Periodontal Stents				
	5.	14	Fabricating Surgical Splints				
	6.	17	Constructing Record Bases and Occlusal Rims				
5	7.	19	Arranging Denture Teeth for Bilateral Balanced Occlusion				
5	8.	22	Arranging Teeth for Monoplane Occlusion				
5	9.	25	Arranging Teeth for Crossbite Occlusion				
5	10.	28	Arranging Teeth for Opposing Natural Dentition				
5	11.	31	Arranging Teeth for Lingualized Occlusion				
5	12.	34	Waxing Complete Denture Bases				
5	13.	37	Processing Complete Denture Bases				
	14.	41	Applying Denture Base Stains				
5	15.	43	Restoring The Occlusion of Processed Complete and Removable Partial Dentures				
5	16.	46	Constructing Remounting Indices/index and Remount Casts				
5	17.	49	Finish and Polish Complete Dentures				
	18.	51	Fabricating Immediate Dentures				
<b>5</b> 5	19.	55	Fabricating RPD Denture Bases				
5	20.	58	Relining Removable Prostheses				
	21.	61	Rebasing Complete Dentures				
5	22.	64	Preparing Reinforced Acrylic Pontics				
5	23.	66	Fabricating Cantilever Loop Space Maintainers				
5	24.	69	Fabricating Hawley Retainers				

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VOLUME 3			_Appendix B
MEMORANDUM FOR	381 TRS (CDC Ma 917 Missile Rd Sheppard AFB TX	_ ,	
FROM:			
SUBJECT: Qualification	n Training Package Im	provement	
1. Identify volume and mo	dule.		
Volume #			
Module # and title			
2. Identify improvement/co	orrection section(s)s)		
STS Task reference Training Reference Evaluation Instruct Performance Rescented Steps in Task Per	ce ctions ources	Performance Che Feedback Format Other	ecklist
3. Recommended changes-	use a continuation sh	eet if necessary.	
4. Thank you for your time	e and interest.		

YOUR NAME, RANK, USAF Title/Position